

# VI. 'BÁNKI' IDEGEN NYELVI VERSENY



**SECOND RUN**  
**DEADLINE: 26<sup>th</sup> October**

**1. MATCH THE IDIOMS WITH THE MEANING KEYWORDS BELOW. (10p)**

- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| 1. My hands are tied, I'm afraid.                 | A Secretive.          |
| 2. Don't jump the gun.                            | B Compliment.         |
| 3. You'll have to swallow your pride.             | C Working all hours.  |
| 4. Have you been burning the candle at both ends? | D Efficient.          |
| 5. There's something fishy going on.              | E No choice.          |
| 6. He's a dark horse.                             | F Not secret anymore. |
| 7. I killed two birds with one stone.             | G Wait.               |
| 8. That's a real can of worms.                    | H Complex problem.    |
| 9. I'm sorry – I've let the cat out of the bag.   | I Apologise.          |
| 10. You look like a million dollars.              | J Puzzling.           |

**2. FIND 10 WORDS IN THE WORD SQUARE WHICH ARE CONNECTED TO AUTUMN. (10p)**




P	T	B	D	A	D	L	S	K	D	J	T	W	L	G
U	S	Q	T	P	U	W	N	I	J	G	L	K	M	N
M	O	X	Q	M	E	M	N	V	N	B	G	E	I	I
P	T	C	T	A	L	Q	B	I	K	E	Q	C	V	V
K	C	G	T	S	N	X	G	R	Z	X	Z	M	S	I
I	L	E	B	I	E	N	M	Q	E	L	N	T	V	G
N	R	G	N	W	A	V	L	K	I	L	G	N	W	S
L	U	M	U	H	F	A	R	M	D	Q	L	S	A	K
U	E	Q	C	E	E	Z	M	A	I	Z	E	A	R	N
Y	D	A	F	V	S	P	C	S	H	Z	N	D	J	A
C	I	L	V	H	A	L	L	O	W	E	E	N	X	H
B	T	V	Y	E	R	J	Q	G	P	K	X	E	D	T
C	L	S	L	V	S	U	H	L	M	P	D	X	J	I
B	W	P	Y	L	W	T	Q	W	T	W	I	Y	I	Z
E	K	A	R	Z	O	Q	Y	U	M	C	W	T	P	V



**3. READ THE SENTENCES AND FILL IN THE GRIDS.**

**(9p)**

1. Joe takes longer than ten minutes to get to work.
2. Jeff travels to work by train.
3. The barber doesn't travel by bicycle.
4. The cook takes less time to travel to work than Jack.
5. The manager travels to work by bus.

	Occupation			Transport			Time		
	Cook	Barber	Manager	Bicycle	Bus	Train	10 minutes	20 minutes	30 minutes
 Joe									
Jack									
Jeff									
10 minutes									
20 minutes									
30 minutes									
Bicycle									
Bus									
Train									



Name	Occupation	Transport	Time
Joe			
Jack			
Jeff			

4. **READ THE TEXT AND DECIDE IF THE STATEMENTS ARE TRUE OR FALSE. WRITE T FOR TRUE AND F FOR FALSE.** (10p)



Whether you're travelling to the islands or the mountains of Thailand, you're likely to spend at least one night in its capital city on the way. Bangkok might be noisy and polluted but it's also an exciting city with plenty of things to see and do. Why not make it a longer stay?

**Where to stay**

The Khao San Road was a famous traveller spot even before Leonardo di Caprio's character in the film *The Beach* stayed there. But it's noisy, not very pretty and not very Thai. For something more authentic, Phra Kanong offers an alternative place to stay, with its fantastic street markets where every day Bangkok people eat, work and live. It's not as convenient for the main tourist sites, but it has a Skytrain station so you can be at the Grand Palace in 20 minutes.

**How to get around**

Bangkok's traffic can be a nightmare. Sure, you can easily take a taxi – if you want to spend hours stuck in traffic jams – but there are two much better ways to get around the city. To explore the temples and historical sites, catch an express boat river taxi or a longtail boat along the Chao Phraya River and the canals. For the modern part of the city, the Skytrain is a fast, cheap way to travel from the river to the shopping malls and nightlife of Sukhumvit, and the famous Chatuchak street market.

**Where to eat**

The simple answer is: everywhere! Thai street food is among the best in the world, and for around \$5 you can eat a filling and delicious meal. Some food stands have little plastic seats where you can sit and eat and they cook the same dish over and over, like fried chicken on rice or Pad Thai noodles. Head for Chinatown – Yaowarat Street – and choose whatever looks most interesting from the many excellent Chinese and Thai restaurants and food stands.

**What to do**

After you've seen the main sites like the Giant Buddha at the temple of Wat Pho and the spectacular Grand Palace, and shopped at Chatuchak market, check out the snake farm and watch the live snake show. You can even touch a snake yourself if you want to!

- 1) Bangkok is a quiet and clean city. \_\_\_\_
- 2) Khao San Road has been famous since a famous person acted there. \_\_\_\_
- 3) Phra Kanong is not very convenient for the main tourist sites. \_\_\_\_
- 4) The Skytrain is a fast and cheap way to travel from the river to the shopping malls. \_\_\_\_
- 5) Thai street food is not very good. \_\_\_\_
- 6) You can eat a fine meal for around \$5 in Bangkok. \_\_\_\_
- 7) Yaowarat Street is a good place if you are interested in Chinese cuisine. \_\_\_\_
- 8) You can see Giant Buddha in a palace. \_\_\_\_
- 9) Wat Po is the name of a popular market. \_\_\_\_
- 10) Close contact with the snakes is forbidden. \_\_\_\_

5. WATCH THE VIDEO AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS.

(10p)



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NutQz-MkVYQ>

- 1) How do public toilets in Europe differ from those in the USA?
- 2) What is the cost of water in restaurants in Europe?
- 3) Why does every city in Europe have history?
- 4) How does Europe's public transportation compare to that of the USA?
- 5) How do Europeans approach sports differently from Americans?
- 6) How do food portions in Europe compare to those in the USA?
- 7) What is the attitude towards smoking in Europe?
- 8) How do Europeans dress differently from Americans?
- 9) What is the importance of dressing well in Europe?
- 10) How many languages can Europeans speak fluently?

6. FIND THE MISTAKE IN EACH OF THE LINES OF TEXT AND CORRECT THEM. CROSS OUT THE WRONG WORD AND WRITE THE CORRECT ONE ON THE LINE.

(6p)

Protect the environment has now become the preoccupation of many. \_\_\_\_\_

Unless we don't make considerable changes to the way we live, \_\_\_\_\_  
 the effects on the natural world could being catastrophic. \_\_\_\_\_

Luckily, everyone can do their bit in order that reduce the negative effects. \_\_\_\_\_

In example, recycling rubbish and reducing car use. \_\_\_\_\_

If we all take responsibility, the earth would have a fighting chance. \_\_\_\_\_

7. COMPLETE THE CROSSWORD WITH THE COOKING VERBS.

(5p)

Clues across

Clues down

3.



5.



2.



2.



2

1.



3	4								

1	G
	R
	I
	L
	L
	E
	D

4.



**8. FIND THE ODD ONE OUT.**

**(7p)**

- |              |           |            |                |              |
|--------------|-----------|------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1. dinner    | breakfast | lunch      | cutlery        | supper       |
| 2. café      | canteen   | barbecue   | cocktail bar   | coffee house |
| 3. steak     | oyster    | sausage    | ham            | pork chop    |
| 4. sweet     | heat      | bitter     | salty          | sour         |
| 5. lemon     | pineapple | grapefruit | orange         | tangerine    |
| 6. mixer     | juicer    | blender    | food processor | scales       |
| 7. champagne | beverage  | cider      | wine           | spirit       |

**9. COMPLETE THE SENTENCES WITH FOOD-RELATED WORDS. THE FIRST AND THE LAST LETTERS ARE GIVEN FOR YOU.**

**(6p)**

0. T i n e d tomatoes usually last for about two years.
1. I don't feel like cooking. Let's get a t \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ y for dinner.
2. Are there any f \_ \_ \_ \_ n peas in the freezer?
3. I'm not very keen on r \_ w fish, so I never eat sushi.
4. Hannah is on a diet, so she's bought some l \_ \_ - \_ \_ t yoghurt to have for dessert
5. They eat a lot of s \_ \_ \_ y food in Mexico.
6. We buy f \_ \_ \_ h bread from the baker's every morning.

**10. MATCH THE WORDS WITH THE NOUNS THEY COLLOCATE WITH.**

**(15p)**

- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. wedding     | a, reunion      |
| 2. get         | b, office       |
| 3. bring up    | c, gap          |
| 4. extended    | d, pension      |
| 5. generation  | e, with someone |
| 6. family      | f, a shower     |
| 7. cohabit     | g, a family     |
| 8. take care   | h, reception    |
| 9. do          | i, of a child   |
| 10. retirement | j, a meal       |
| 11. belong to  | k, engaged      |
| 12. registry   | l, a child      |
| 13. spoilt     | m, the shopping |
| 14. prepare    | n, family       |
| 15. have       | o, child        |

**11. COMPLETE EACH GAP WITH AN APPROPRIATE WORD.**

**(12p)**

The word *health* really means good health, when you feel fine. But it also possible to speak about poor health, when you feel out of sorts.

A regular way of life is very important to good health. Have your meals at regular times, devote enough time to recreation, sports in the fresh air and sunshine. Many people <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_ feel unwell or nervous are just exhausted, overworked and need a good rest.

When you are unwell, you see the doctor in his surgery <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_ send for him. You tell him your complaints and he examines <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_ thoroughly: he listens to your lungs and heart, looks in your eyes and ears and takes your temperature <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_ blood pressure.

If special treatment is required, the GP (General Practitioner) refers you <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_ hospital. At the hospital you undergo different tests and you are treated <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_ specialists.

If you are in need <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_ urgent hospital treatment, you need to ring for the ambulance. Emergency doctors and nurses are trained to quickly diagnose and treat a wide range <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_ problems, from insect bites and infections to appendicitis and food poisoning.

How to cope with minor ailments? If you catch a cold, drink <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_ lot of fluids. Take a painkiller <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_ bring down your temperature. Try to tolerate the fact that you often sneeze, have a runny <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_ and a sore throat. Antibiotics are of no use if you have the common cold.

How to prevent disease? We can do a lot to avoid getting ill. Remember – prevention is better <sup>12</sup> \_\_\_ cure. You yourself are responsible for your own physical and mental well-being.



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